

National Geography Bee - Finals

Regulation Tossups

(1) **The upper course of this river originates in the Trinity Mountains and receives this river's two primary tributaries, the Pit and McCloud Rivers. Cities along this river include Dunsmuir and the college town of (+) Davis. This river rises near Mount Shasta in the Klamath Mountains and terminates at a confluence with the San Joaquin River at Suisun Bay, and this river's tributaries were the site of the initial (*) California Gold Rush. For the points, name this principal river of northern California, which shares its name with the state's sixth-largest city.**

ANSWER: **Sacramento** River

(2) **Sudek and Wagagai are the two highest summits of this mountain, where the cities of Kitale and Mbale lie on either side. This mountain's Kitum Cave is known for its (+) elephants who break off pieces of salt. This mountain takes its name from a Maasai word meaning "Breast Mountain," and it is the oldest extinct volcano in Eastern Africa. This mountain offers views of Kisumu and is split between the watersheds of (*) Lake Turkana and Lake Victoria. For the points, name this mountain, a shield volcano on the border between Kenya and Uganda.**

ANSWER: Mount **Elgon** (or Ol Doinyo **Ilgoon**)

(3) **This structure travels over a gorge formed by the Tarn River. This structure formed the last link on the A75 route, which is known as the "la Méridienne" and travels to (+) Béziers from Clermont-Ferrand to the north. The construction of this structure was partly prompted by high levels of summer congestion from travelers driving from Paris to Spain, and this structure travels over a tributary of the (*) Garrone River. For the points, name this tallest bridge in the world, a viaduct in rural France.**

ANSWER: **Millau** Viaduct

(4) **In the 1970s, Burlington Northern helped begin one economic boom in this region by building a line from Caballo [[kuh-BYE-yoh]] to Donkey Creek Junction. This region, which contains the Fort Union Formation, has its largest population center at (+) Gillette. This region contains the North Antelope Rochelle and Black Thunder mines, the two most productive of their type in the U.S. (*) For the points, name this geological basin in southern Montana and northeastern Wyoming, the source of roughly 40 percent of U.S. coal production.**

ANSWER: **Powder River** Basin

(5) **This city's Indian residents were moved to the suburb of Northdale, while its Black residents were relocated to Edendale. This city is sometimes named for the royal capital of King Dingane [[din-GAH-neh]]. This city contains a statue of (+) Mahatma Gandhi, who was thrown off a train which originated in this city and was bound for (*) Pretoria.** For the points, name this second-largest city and capital of KwaZulu-Natal, which lies just northwest of Durban and was named for a Voortrekker leader.

ANSWER: **Pietermaritzburg** (or **Maritzburg**; accept **PMB**; accept **uMgungundlovu**)

(6) **This island's Namakdan Salt Cave is the world's longest salt cave. This island is separated from the mainland by the Clarence Strait, which is also called the Khuran and is known for its mangrove *hara* forests. (+) This island was made a free trade zone alongside Kish Island in 1991, and the USS *Vincennes* shot down a passenger flight over this island in 1988. This island within Hormozgan province is accessible from the port city of Bandar Abbas. Situated on the northern coast of the (*) Strait of Hormuz is, for the points, what largest island of Iran and the Persian Gulf?**

ANSWER: **Qeshm** Island

(7) **This geographic feature covers a mountain called Grímsvötn, which can cause geothermally-triggered floods that close the Hringvegur ring road. This feature encompasses Hvannadalshnjúkur [[huh-VAN-nuh-DAHL-shnyoo-koor]], the highest peak (+) of its country. This feature names a national park that merged with Skaftafell, and the Laki volcano lies on this feature's western edge. This feature covers ten percent of its country's land area, and, outside of Russia, this feature is the (*) largest ice cap in Europe. For the points, name this largest glacier of Iceland.**

ANSWER: **Vatnajökull** (or **Vatna** Glacier)

(8) **This island forms an archipelago with Ilha Grande de Gurupá, and this island was the world's only major populated area to remain unaffected by the Spanish flu. The Tocantins River has its mouth south of this island, which is (+) separated by a river from Macapá, the capital of the state of Amapá. This island is the largest in South America situated completely within one country, as well as the second-largest of the continent and the world's (*) largest river island. For the points, name this island situated in the delta of the Amazon River in northern Brazil.**

ANSWER: **Marajó** [[mah-RAH-shoh]] (be lenient on pronunciation)

(9) **The Nicholas Mountains are part of the southwestern corner of this feature, which includes Noshaq, the world's westernmost peak taller than 7,000 meters. The Pamir River forms the northern boundary of this feature, whose (+) southern boundary was laid out as part of the 1894 Durand Line. This feature is bordered to the north by Tajikistan and to the south by (*) Pakistan. For the points, name this narrow salient centered on a valley in the Badakhshan Province that permits a short border between Afghanistan and China.**

ANSWER: **Wakhan** Corridor (or the **Wakhan**; prompt on "Afghanistan" or "Badakhshan Province" before mentioned)

(10) **In a 2022 film, a man played by Max Riemelt fulfills his late mother's wish and scatters her ashes on this island in Matanzas Province. This island, which is locally known as Cayo Blanco del Sur, was (+) transferred over to one country in a 1972 ceremony attended by Erich Honecker and Fidel Castro, although the Cuban government would later claim that the transfer was "symbolic."** (*) For the points, name this uninhabited island in the Gulf of Cazones, which is considered by some to be the last remnant of East Germany and is named for a pre-war leader of the KPD.

ANSWER: Ernst **Thälmann** Island (accept Cayo **Blanco del Sur** before mentioned; prompt on "Cuba" before mentioned)

(11) **The Grootdraai dam crosses this river as part of a project that was carried out to transfer water from the Tugela River basin. Rand Water was one of the constructors of a dam on this river, which receives water from the (+) Lesotho Highlands Water Project. This river forms the border between Gauteng and the Free State and comprises the third-longest river in South Africa after the Orange and (*) Limpopo. For the points, name this longest river that is completely enclosed within South Africa, and which partially named a province of South Africa for most of the 20th century.**

ANSWER: **Vaal** River (accept **!Hai!arib**; accept **iLigwa**; accept **Ikwa**; accept **Igwa**; accept **ilikwa**; accept **Lekwa**; accept **Cuoa**)

(12) **This island contains a museum that is home to traditional bai houses, and this island is connected via bridge to another island housing Meyuns. This island, where the Palasia Hotel was built with Taiwanese funding, (+) is part of a state including the Rock Islands. This island, which served as the capital of the South Seas Mandate of Japan, is connected via bridge to the larger island of Babeldaob, on which the city of (*) Ngerulmud replaced this island's main settlement as a national capital. For the points, name this island that contains Palau's largest city.**

ANSWER: **Koror**

(13) **It has been proposed that an enclave within this polity named Maghval become a part of it to permit the sale of alcohol, and this polity includes the island of Simbor. Silvassa is the largest city in this polity, which gained its current form in 2020. (+) This polity also includes the Fort São Jerónimo on the coast of the Gulf of Khambhat, while another portion of it is an island off the coast of Kathiawar. This union territory's largest component by land area lies on the northern border of (*) Maharashtra. For the points, name this non-contiguous union territory, a collection of former Portuguese cities in Gujarat.**

ANSWER: **Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu** (prompt on partial answers by saying "we need the full union territory name")

(14) **Christian de Portzamparc designed a skyscraper in this city that is sometimes called "The Ski Boot" due to its shape. The Maison Folie Moulins is found in this city on the Deule River, (+) which is the capital of the Hauts-de-France region. An annual braderie, or street fair, in this city in the Nord Department dates to the 12th century, and though not in Belgium, this city is often referred to as the "Capital of (*) Flanders." For the points, name this city in northern France, the fourth-most populous in the country.**

ANSWER: **Lille** (or **Rijsel**; accept Braderie de **Lille**)

(15) **In 2007, a plan to flood this feature to create a hydroelectric dam was scrapped due to concerns over displacing 100,000 members of the Nakhi ethnic group. Water flowing through this feature primarily comes from meltwater from Haba Snow Mountain and (+) Jade Dragon Snow Mountain, which make up this canyon's boundaries. This canyon lies north of Lijiang and is carved by the Jinsha River, a tributary of the (*) Yangtze.** For the points, name this canyon in Yunan Province whose name references a legend that a large cat once jumped over it.

ANSWER: **Tiger Leaping Gorge** (or **Hu Tiao Xia** [[shia]])

(16) **This city houses the George C. Marshall European Center for Security Studies, as well as the Edelweiss Lodge and Resort, which is used by U.S. soldiers. This city on the northern slope of the Northern Limestone Alps adjoins Krün, a town where (+) Schloss Elmau hosted the 48th G7 summit in 2022. This city is connected via the Mittenwald Railway to Innsbruck, and this city is located in the shadow of the Zugspitze, (*) Germany's tallest mountain.** For the points, name this ski resort in southern Bavaria that hosted the 1936 Winter Olympics.

ANSWER: **Garmisch**-Partenkirchen (or **Ga-Pa**)

(17) **This island's sponging industry was devastated by a 1938 red tide event, causing emigration to Coconut Grove. The DSV *Alvin* began oceanographic research on this island, which has the world's highest density of (+) blue holes and was explored by Jacques Cousteau alongside the nearby Tongue of the Ocean. This island, the largest of the Lucayan Archipelago, lies west of New Providence (*) and is the fifth-largest island by area of the Caribbean.** For the points, name this largest island by area of the Bahamas.

ANSWER: **Andros** Island

(18) **While en route to this city, Metrojet Flight 9268 crashed in 2015 due to a terrorist attack by the Ansar Bait al-Maqdis branch of ISIS. This city contains its country's third-busiest airport after Hurgada, and this city is known as a gateway to (+) Ras Muhammad National Park. Off the coast of this city lies Sanafir Island and Tiran Island, which both had their administration transferred to (*) Saudi Arabia in 2017.** For the points, name this Egyptian resort city in southern Sinai, which lies at the southern entrance to the Gulf of Aqaba.

ANSWER: **Sharm el-Sheikh** (prompt on partial answers)

(19) **The Gove Peninsula on this gulf was the site of an infamous court case where the Yolngu people attempted to stop the expansion of bauxite mining. This gulf, which receives the Flinders River, (+) includes the Wellesley Islands that contain Mornington Island. This gulf, which lies southwest of the Torres Strait, is the only place where a watershed west of the Great Dividing Range enters the ocean. Lying south of (*) New Guinea, for the points, what is the gulf indenting northeastern Australia, west of Queensland?**

ANSWER: Gulf of **Carpentaria**

(20) **This city was first established as Old Sarum, which held Eleanor of Aquitaine as a prisoner in its castle. This city is the second-largest of Wiltshire behind Swindon. (+) and this city's modern iteration grew out of a cathedral that holds an original copy of the *Magna Carta*. This city, which names a river known as the Avon, which flows through Hampshire, lies roughly halfway between (*)** Portsmouth and Bath. Avebury is part of, for the points, what English town where a namesake plain includes Stonehenge?

ANSWER: **Salisbury** (accept **Salisbury Plain**)

(21) **This disaster prompted the most recent activation of emergency shoulder use along Interstate Four, after evacuation orders from Hillsborough County were issued. This disaster delayed the launch of the Europa Clipper, damaged the roof of (+) Tropicana Field, and prompted the closure of a Busch Gardens location. This hurricane was the second-most powerful in the Gulf of Mexico after Hurricane Rita and devastated the (*) Tampa Bay area. For the points, identify this most powerful hurricane of the 2024 season.**

ANSWER: Hurricane **Milton**

(22) **Lorenzo Dow Turner studied a language still spoken in this island group's community of Hog Hammock. An island in this group is overlooked by the Harbour Town Light and forms a metropolitan area with Port Royal (+) and Bluffton. In the nineteenth century, this island group named a long-fiber cotton that competed with Egyptian cotton. Johns Island and Hilton Head Island are part of this island group, whose Sapelo Island (*) is home to a Gullah community. For the points, name this group of barrier islands off the coast of South Carolina and Georgia.**

ANSWER: **Sea** Islands (prompt on "Barrier Islands" before mentioned as this is a local nickname)

(23) **This city encloses a pene-exclave of another U.S. state called Carter Lake. This city, which is not Battle Creek, serves as the seat of Douglas County, and was the site of a 2021 (+) Kellogg's strike led by future Senate candidate Dan Osborn. This city's metro area, including Council Bluffs, is encompassed within a congressional district that provided Kamala Harris with her only electoral vote from a Great Plains State, and this city is the largest city on the Missouri River, (*) north of Kansas City. For the points, name this largest city of Nebraska.**

ANSWER: **Omaha**

(24) **This island's Baining people are known for their "fire dance" ceremony and inhabit the Gazelle Peninsula. This island's highest peak of Ulawun is considered a "Decade Volcano" for its activity, which includes (+) 22 recorded eruptions. The city of Kokopo became the capital of this island after an eruption of the volcanoes Tavurvur and Vulcan in 1994. This island is the largest in the Bismarck Archipelago (*) and contains the city of Rabaul. For the points, name this largest offshore island of Papua New Guinea, which adjoins New Ireland.**

ANSWER: **New Britain** (accept **Niu Briten**; accept **Neupommern**)

(25) **This ethnic group is closely related to the Nùng people, and its members use the *sawndip*, or “uncooked,” script. This ethnic group names an autonomous prefecture called Wenshan with the Miao people, and they speak languages within the Northern (+) Tai branch of languages.** This ethnic group forms a minority within the southern part of Guizhou province, and it also forms a large minority within the city of (*) Nanning. With over 18 million people, for the points, what is this largest ethnic minority group of China, inhabiting the Guangxi Autonomous Region?

ANSWER: **Zhuang** people (or **Zhuàngzú**; or **Bouxcuengh**)

(26) **This national park near Fayetteville hosts a “Bridge Day” that permits BASE jumping. This national park, which houses the Nuttallburg Coal Mining Complex, (+) used to supply coal to Ford factories and protects a tributary of the Kanawha River. This national park contains the world’s largest single-span arch bridge outside of China, which is also the highest bridge in the eastern United States. Created in (*) 2020 this is, for the points, what most recently established national park, which protects the namesake feature of a West Virginia river?**

ANSWER: **New River Gorge** National Park

(27) **This archipelago forms a commune with the Desventuradas Islands and is governed from San Juan Bautista. This archipelago was named for a Spanish sailor who discovered it en route from Callao while avoiding the (+) Humboldt Current, and this archipelago was created by a hotspot on the Nazca Plate. This archipelago’s Alejandro Selkirk Island is named for a sailor who inspired a book by Daniel Defoe, and this archipelago is administered by the (*) Valparaíso Region. For the points, name this archipelago roughly 400 miles west of Chile, the home of Robinson Crusoe Island.**

ANSWER: **Juan Fernández** Islands

(28) **A hospital in this city is the site of a massive half-buried sword that is said to have belonged to the priest Okomfo Anokye. This city is the site of the Kejetia Market, the largest open-air market in (+) Western Africa. This city, which is nicknamed Oseikrom in reference to its role as the capital of a former empire, is home to the Manhyia Palace, the official residence of a ceremonial ethnically Akan monarch. The capital of the (*) Ashanti Region is, for the points, what second-largest city in Ghana after Accra?**

ANSWER: **Kumasi** (accept **Oseikrom** before mentioned)

(29) **Hotel Park on the shores of this lake is the origin of a variety of custard called *kremna rezina*. This lake is drained by the Jezernica, which forms the Zaka Valley near this lake’s (+) western end. Tours of this lake are typically given on flat-bottomed gondola-like boats called *pletna*, and an island in this lake is home to the gothic Church of the Mother of God on the Lake. Tourists visiting this lake typically arrive by taking a train to the town of (*) Lesce from Ljubljana. For the points, name this scenic lake in northwest Slovenia.**

ANSWER: Lake **Bled**

(30) **This city titles a 1970s *schlager* song by the singer Heino, which takes its tune from the *corrido* song "La Adelita". This city forms a metropolitan area with Ciudad Madero and is served by Francisco Javier Mina International Airport. (+) This city, which likely takes its name from a Huastec term meaning "place of otters," was the site of a namesake 1911 affair in which nine U.S. sailors were detained after going ashore during the (*) Mexican Revolution. For the points, name this major port on the Gulf of Mexico in southern Tamaulipas.**

ANSWER: **Tampico** (accept **Tampico** Affair)

(31) **This river's tributaries include the Salzach and Alz, and this river is the only one in Switzerland to flow into the (+) Black Sea. Four Winter Olympics were hosted on this river's banks, with two of those being hosted by St. Mortiz. This river passes through Braunau, Adolf Hitler's birthplace, as well as (*) Tyrol's capital. For the points, name this river which lends its name to western Austria's largest city, sharing its name with an English word for a type of accommodation used by travelers.**

ANSWER: **Inn** River (or **Innsbruck**; or Braunau am **Inn**)

(32) **This city is one terminus of the initial stretch of the California High-Speed Rail, which extends to Bakersfield, and this city is the namesake of a county that is located between Stanislaus County and Fresno County. This city is named for a (+) river that flows through the Yosemite Valley and this city lies within the San Joaquin Valley. (*) For the points, name this city in central California, which is home to the newest campus of the University of California.**

ANSWER: **Merced**

(33) **A translation of one of this figure's works by Al-Khwarismi relocated a prime meridian he demarcated at the Fortunate Isles. This person was noteworthy for using curved parallels to counter the effects of distortion, and this person created a (+) Table of Noteworthy Cities in an atlas, which is also sometimes known as the *Cosmographia*. This man's *Almagest* was known for cementing a (*) geocentric model of the universe. For the points, name this Greco-Roman astronomer of the 2nd century CE from Alexandria, the author of *Geography*.**

ANSWER: Claudius **Ptolemy**

(34) **This river is the proposed site of the Hatgyi Dam and the Tasang Dam. This river empties into the eastern portion of the Gulf of Martaban and passes by Hpa-an, (+) the largest city of the Kayin, or Karen state. This river bisects Shan State, and is the easternmost major Asian river to flow into the Indian Ocean. This river's basin lies between the watersheds of the Mekong and (*) Irrawaddy Rivers. For the points, name this river that has its mouth in the northeastern part of the Andaman Sea and flows through eastern Myanmar.**

ANSWER: **Salween** River (accept **Thanlwin**; accept **Nom Khone**; accept **Nu** Jiang; accept Mae Nam **Salawin**)

(35) This island was the site of the southernmost walrus colony until the Colonial period. This island is the world's foggiest place due to its location between the cold-water Labrador Current and warm-water Gulf Stream, and this island is the most hurricane-prone place in (+) Canada. This island's most famed species came from seized Acadian livestock left by Thomas Hancock that were exported to work at mines on (*) Cape Breton Island. For the points, name this island known for its feral horse population, southeast of mainland Nova Scotia.

ANSWER: Sable Island

(36) This lake's largest port is Ōtsu, and this lake is the world's oldest which is situated on island. This lake feeds a namesake canal which includes the Philosopher's Walk near the (+) Nanzen temple, and this lake drained by the Yodo River contains submerged shell mounds of the Jōmon people. This lake, which takes up 16 percent of Shiga Prefecture's land area, is connected via canal to Kyoto. Draining into (*) Osaka Bay, for the points, what is this largest lake of Japan?

ANSWER: Lake Biwa (or Biwa-ko)

(37) This park includes six designated wild and scenic rivers, including the Noatak and Kobuk Rivers, and it borders the eastern portion of the Noatak National Preserve. This park encompasses the headwaters of the Alatna and (+) John Rivers and contains numerous glacially carved valleys and cirques. This park entirely lacks roads or established trails, requiring all access to be by bush plane or on foot. Named by wilderness advocate Bob Marshall for two prominent (*) peaks flanking the Koyukuk River, for the points, identify this national park in northern Alaska, the least-visited of the U.S. national parks.

ANSWER: Gates of the Arctic National Park and Preserve

(38) The town of Alpine on this feature contains the Armstrong Tower, temporarily used as a transmitter site after the 9/11 attacks. The LG Corporation reduced the height of a planned HQ in Englewood Cliffs to preserve this features' tree line. (+) Rockland and Bergen counties contain the majority of this feature, which the Lenape called Weehawken. The George Washington Bridge cuts into, (*) for the points, what set of steep cliffs in northern New Jersey which parallel the Hudson River?

ANSWER: New Jersey Palisades (or Hudson River Palisades)

(39) This geologic feature's subduction forms an arc including peaks such as Tajumulco and Santa María. This geologic feature is named for an island which forms the southernmost point in North America. (+) This plate includes a northern extension called the Rivera Plate, which was responsible for the 2003 Colima earthquake, and the 2017 Chiapas earthquake was also caused by this plate situated north of the Nazca Plate. Lying west of (*) Central America and Mexico, for the points, what is this tectonic plate, named for a Costa Rican island considered the southernmost point in North America?

ANSWER: Cocos Plate

(40) This theory's main proponent argued it had its roots in the "long 16th century." This theory, related to dependency theory, refuted modernization theory's emphasis on (+) nation states. Countries classified in an intermediate position in this theory include Mexico, Brazil, and Indonesia,

and it was advocated for by sociologist (*) Immanuel Wallerstein. For the points, name this theory which classifies countries into three major groupings, called the “periphery,” “semi-periphery,” and “core.”

ANSWER: world-systems theory

(41) **Because these regions experience decreased convection, their carbon is theorized to cycle through a namesake solubility pump. The outer edges of these regions transition into the abyssal plain through similarly named slopes and rises. (+)** The legal concept of these regions excludes areas surrounding uninhabited places, but includes volcanic islands that lack these regions for economic purposes. During periods of low sea levels, (*) land bridges can be formed by, for the points, what submerged extensions of continents, the shallowest parts of the ocean?

ANSWER: continental shelf (accept continental shelf pump; prompt on “seabed” or “seafloor”)

(42) **Depression called uvalas can form in this landscape, although they are smaller than poljes. The term for these landscapes was adopted from German to describe various geological formations (+)** found in the Dinaric Alps, and an example of it contains large numbers of cenotes in the Yucatán Peninsula. Vietnam’s Ha Long Bay exemplifies these landscapes, and (*) stalagmites are often found within caves in these landscapes. For the points, name this type of landscape, whose topography is formed by soluble carbonate rocks such as limestone.

ANSWER: karst

(43) **This lake is created by the Tabqa Dam, which inundated the ancient settlements of Mureybet and Tell Fray, and it caused the Qal'at Ja'bar fortress to become an island accessible via causeway. The Baath Dam is situated just (+)** downstream of this lake, which formerly housed the tomb of the grandfather of the Ottoman Empire's founder on its shores as a Turkish exclave. (*) For the points, name this major reservoir northwest of Raqqa on the Euphrates River.

ANSWER: Lake Assad

(44) **This sect is practiced by the population of the Pitcairn Islands. A community of this sect's followers forms the only "blue zone" in the United States. The longevity of the residents of (+)** Loma Lind is attributed to the practices of this religion, which was founded in the city of Battle Creek, Michigan, where John Harvey Kellogg established a namesake sanatorium. (*) For the points, identify this Christian denomination, which, in Tonga, considers the International Date Line to run through the 180th meridian, impacting the observation of the Sabbath on Saturdays.

ANSWER: Seventh-day Adventism (prompt on “Christianity” or similar answers)

(45) **This mountain range's volcanic features such as the Soborom Hot Springs and Tarso Yega were depicted on the CFA Franc with a sheep skull. This mountain range is inhabited by the Toubou people. (+)** who may take their name for a Kanuri term for birds. This mountain range, whose northern extremities extend into Fezzan, was the site of the Toyota War, (*) fought over the neighboring Aouzou Strip. For the points, name this highest mountain range of the Sahara, in far northern Chad.

ANSWER: **Tibesti** Mountains

Extra Questions

(1) **Mukalla is the largest city of this country's historic Hadhramaut region, and this country also includes the city of Taizz. This country's port of Al Hudaydah, (+)** which was targeted by Israeli forces in a retaliation bombing, is this country's largest port on the Red Sea. This country controls the eastern side of the Bab el-Mandeb strait, which separates it from Djibouti. Bordering Oman and (*) Saudi Arabia is, for the points, what southernmost country on the Arabian Peninsula?

ANSWER: Republic of **Yemen** (or Al Jumhuriyah al **Yamani**yah)

(2) **This city lies just north of a Mississippian cultural site at Moundville Archaeological Park. Along with its suburb of Northport, this city is served by a reservoir made by damming the Black Warrior River. (+)** A football museum in this city is named for legendary college coach Bear Bryant, and this city is home to the Million Dollar Band, which often performs alongside the elephant mascot Big Al. A university in this city is known for Bryant–Denny Stadium, the home field of the (*) Crimson Tide. For the points, name this city, home to the University of Alabama.

ANSWER: **Tuscaloosa**

(3) **Vaporettos are a means of public transit used within this city, which is connected via the Ponte della Libertà bridge to the mainland. This city hosts outlying islands such as Lido, (+)** which is known for its film festival that distributes awards called the Golden Lion, as well as Murano, which is known for its glass production. This city, which lies within a namesake lagoon, is bisected by the (*) Grand Canal and is located on the northwestern coast of the Adriatic Sea. For the points, identify this Italian city known for its canals and gondolas.

ANSWER: **Venice** (or **Venezia**; accept **Venice** Lagoon)