

Round 5 (Finals)

Regulation Questions

(1) This group called their homeland Tsenacommacah [sen-uh-KOM-uh-kuh], and their number included the Nansemond, Rappahannocks, and Pamunkey. Conflict between Europeans and these people occurred after an expedition led by John Ratliffe was killed and tortured after duplicitous negotiations. A planter who came from England named John Rolfe married a princess of these people who took the Christian name "Rebecca." For ten points, name this tribal confederacy of Pocahontas located in the region of the James River in Virginia.

Answer: Powhatan Confederacy

(2) The failure of a tariff amendment to this document led to the distribution of a currency called "Morris notes." The Northwest Ordinance revised expansion under this document, which allowed for the future admission of Quebec. The Annapolis Convention sought to revise this document. Shays' Rebellion exposed the weaknesses of this document which did not give the federal government the power to tax. For ten points, name this document that was replaced by the U.S. Constitution.

Answer: Articles of Confederation and Perpetual Union

(3) This man alluded to the "mystic chords of memory" in a speech that notes, "We are not enemies, but friends. This man concluded one speech by stating, "Let's have faith that right makes might; and in that faith let us, to the end, dare to do our duty as we understand it." After an oration by Edward Everett, this deliverer of the Cooper Union Speech stated, "Government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth." For ten points, name this president who gave the 1863 Gettysburg Address.

Answer: Abraham Lincoln

(4) One of these events was further aggravated by a fire at the Stone Bridge. Herbert Hoover helped secure the 1928 Republican nomination by overseeing relief efforts for one of these events. One of these events was blamed on the South Fork Fishing and Hunting Club after over 2,000 people were killed after a dam was lowered near the Pennsylvania city of Johnstown. For

ten points, name this sort of event that in 1927 inundated many towns along the Mississippi River.

Answer: Floods (accept Johnstown Flood or 1927 Mississippi River Flood)

(5) During this event, minister Charles William Kerr attempted to dissuade a mob from committing violence but later preached that the blame fell on the victims. Three days after this event, Warren G. Harding called for "oneness" to be "superior to every appeal to mere class and group." Sarah Page's lie that she had been flirted with by a young Black man named Dick Rowland led to his lynching and to the destruction of "Black Wall Street." For ten points, name this 1921 race riot and burning of the district of Greenwood in an Oklahoma city.

Answer: Tulsa Race Riot (accept Greenwood Riot before mentioned, accept other similar answers indicating the events in Tulsa)

(6) The person this event happened to was scheduled to begin a tour the next day but was discovered by Ginger Alden, unresponsive on the bathroom floor. President Jimmy Carter said that this event, "Permanently changed the face of American popular culture." A book subtitled *What Happened?* detailed that the person in this event had abused drugs for years, although doctors claimed that had nothing to do with this event. For ten points, what is this event in which the world lost the "King of Rock and Roll"?

Answer: Death of Elvis Presley (accept either first or last name)

(7) A part of this bill that allowed victims to sue in federal court was ruled unconstitutional in *U.S. v. Morrison*. This bill required states to implement a sex offender registry in a provision named for Jacob Wetterling. This bill included the Federal Assault Weapons Ban and the Violence Against Women Act, as well as a federal "three strikes" policy. For ten points, name this bill passed by the Clinton administration, the largest expansion of law enforcement spending in U.S. history.

Answer: 1994 Crime Bill (or Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act, accept Clinton Crime Bill or Biden Crime Bill, ask the player to be less specific if they say "Violence Against Women Act")

(8) An Irishwoman in this profession named Lydia Darragh operated out of Loxley House in Philadelphia during the British occupation. The Continental Army hanged Major John André, the

co-conspirator of Benedict Arnold, for being one of these people. "I only regret that I have but one life to lose for my country" was uttered by one of these people prior to being executed in New York City. For ten points, name this job whose participants have included Aldrich Ames, Ethel Rosenberg, and Ethan Allen.

Answer: Spy (accept Espionage, Secret Agent, or equivalents)

(9) This man was part of a group of tycoons along with Collis Huntington, Mark Hopkins, and Charles Crocker known as the Big Four. One of this man's horses named Sallie Gardner was the subject of stop-motion photography by Eadweard Muybridge. This man presided over a ceremony at Promontory Point during which the Golden Spike was hammered to complete the transcontinental railroad. For ten points, name this railroad tycoon who founded a namesake university in Palo Alto, California.

Answer: Leland Stanford

(10) The true nature of this conflict was called "indistinguishable from its simulacra" in a work by Jean Baudrillard. Hundreds of troops died fleeing this conflict on a highway to Basra. One side in this war fired Scud missiles to draw neutral Israel into the fighting. Norman Schwarzkopf led the winning side in this war, which was codenamed Operation Desert Storm. For ten points, name this war in which the United States expelled Saddam Hussein's Iraq from Kuwait.

Answer: First Gulf War (accept Persian Gulf War, First Iraq War, Liberation of Kuwait, or Second Gulf War; prompt on "Operation Desert Storm" until mentioned)

(11) As part of this project, the stone arch Casselman River Bridge was constructed in 1814. The Daughters of the Revolution erected a Madonna of the Trail monument at this project's western terminus in Vandalia, Illinois. This project was stopped due to the Panic of 1837 and helped inspire Henry Clay's American System. The first section of this project terminated at the Ohio River in the city of Wheeling. For ten points, name this early federal public works project, which extended west from Maryland.

Answer: National Road (accept Cumberland Road or National Pike)

(12) A holder of this position, James A. Farley, names a historic building in midtown Manhattan built alongside the original Penn Station. The editor-in-chief of the *Argus*, Amos Kendall, held this position under Jackson and Van Buren. This position, the second-highest paid

governmental office, was first held by a man who created a franking stamp that states "B. Free Franklin." For ten points, name this position first held by Benjamin Franklin, the chief of the U.S. Postal Service.

Answer: U(nited) S(tates) Postmaster General

(13) This document was criticized by John M. Dowd, who believed that its namesake author had a major conflict of interest. Kirk Radomski provided most of the names for this document, including Andy Pettitte and Miguel Tejada. Trainer Larry Starr assisted in the creation of this document, which suspected Roger Clemens of using illegal substances. For ten points, name this report named for a Maine senator that investigated the use of human growth hormone and anabolic steroids by major league baseball players.

Answer: Mitchell Report

(14) Despite an endorsement from the UAW Local 72 union, this former UNC A&T quarterback lost the Wisconsin primary and his frontrunner status. This leader's son took a medical leave from Congress before being sent to prison for misuse of campaign funds. This leader headed the Chicago branch of Operation Breadbasket, which organized boycotts for the SCLC. In the 1988 Democratic primary, this person came in second to Michael Dukakis. For ten points, name this minister and civil rights activist who founded Rainbow/PUSH.

Answer: Jesse Jackson, Sr.

(15) This event led to the deaths of 21 people including Patrick Breen. During this event, Lieutenant Commander H. J. Copeland led 116 cadets from the USS *Nantucket* to pull out survivors. The elevated railway along Atlantic Avenue was destroyed by a 25-foot high black wave during this 1919 event which was initiated when a tank exploded at the Purity Distilling Company. For ten points, name this event during which a New England city experienced a "Great Flood" of a remnant of boiled sugarcane?

Answer: Great Boston Molasses Flood (or Disaster) of 1919

(16) Due to shelling during this siege, residents hid in dugouts they called "bombproofs" that became known to Union soldiers as "Prairie Dog Villages." Joseph E. Johnston failed to relieve this siege due to thinking that it and Port Hudson were unnecessary to the Confederate war effort. This siege that completed the Anaconda Plan occurred the day after Robert E Lee's

defeat at Gettysburg. For ten points, name this siege by Ulysses S. Grant of a Mississippi town that split the Confederacy in half.

Answer: Siege of Vicksburg

(17) This writer corresponded with preacher Samson Occom regarding the natural rights of all people in America. This author wrote, "Twas mercy brought me from my Pagan land" in her travelogue, "On being brought from Africa to America." This woman became famous in England and the 13 Colonies after her works such as "To His Excellency George Washington" were broadly distributed. For ten points, name this woman, the first African-American to have a book of poetry published.

Answer: Phillis Wheatley

(18) This person was held in contempt of Congress for refusing to disclose documents in the "gunwalking" scandal. This person was the defendant in a case that ruled a 40-year-old coverage formula was no longer necessary and removed Voting Rights Act pre-clearance in Shelby County. This person's department was criticized for the extrajudicial killing of Anwar al-Awlaki. This man was succeeded by a woman whose confirmation took 166 days, Loretta Lynch. For ten points, name this man, appointed by Barack Obama as the first African-American U.S. Attorney General.

Answer: Eric Holder

(19) At one of these locations, L. D. Barkley gave a speech declaring, "We are men! We are not beasts." The "Auburn System" of organizing these places emphasized complete silence, while the "Pennsylvania System" stressed solitary living. In 1971, Nelson Rockefeller ordered state police to retake one of these places in Attica, New York. In 1962, three people used an inflatable raft to escape one of these places in San Francisco Bay. For ten points, name these institutions, which include Sing Sing and Alcatraz.

Answer: Prisons (accept Jail, Penitentiary, or equivalents)

(20) Future President Gerald Ford refused this team's offer of a wage of \$110 per game, instead going to Yale to study law. This team takes its name from a Frank Peck-owned company in the cannery business that bought their first jerseys. This only community-owned sports team in the U.S. was once coached by Vince Lombardi, who now names the Super Bowl trophy. For ten points, name this Wisconsin-based NFL team that plays at Lambeau Field.

Answer: Green Bay Packers (accept Green Bay)

(21) This man's article "The Prayer of Twenty Million" led to Abraham Lincoln's response, "My paramount object in this struggle is to save the Union, and is not either to save or to destroy slavery." This man lost to the incumbent Ulysses S. Grant while running on the Liberal Republican ticket in the Election of 1872. This man coined the term "Go West, Young Man" at the height of the California Gold Rush. For ten points, name this founder of the *New York Tribune*.

Answer: Horace Greeley

(22) This case was cited by the Australian High Court in *D'Emden v. Pedder*, which concerned the salaries of federal employees. The decision in this case notes that "the power to tax is the power to destroy." This case's majority decision upheld the constitutionality of an institution later run by Nicholas Biddle. For ten points, name this 1819 court case in which the Supreme Court ruled a state's tax on the Second National Bank was unconstitutional.

Answer: McCulloch v. Maryland

(23) After this event, one man fled to Louisiana and leased the Bastrop Tract in the hopes of creating a personal empire. While speaking to Jeremy Bentham years after this event, one man claimed he would have shot his opponent in the heart if it had not been misty. This encounter that occurred in Weehawken took place in the popular dueling cliffs known as the New Jersey Palisades. For ten points, name this event in which a Vice President gunned down a political rival who had served as Secretary of the Treasury.

Answer: Aaron Burr's killing of Alexander Hamilton (accept answers indicating the duel between Burr and Hamilton)

(24) The first holders of this position were lawyers Marcus A. Smith and Henry F. Ashurst. One holder of this position was the first openly bisexual member of Congress, while another holder of this position was criticized for defending his state's hardline immigration law, SB 1070, on the 2008 campaign trail. Jon Kyl [kile] retired from this position only to be reappointed by Doug Ducey five years later. For ten points, name this position held by Kyrsten Sinema and John McCain.

Answer: U.S. Senator from Arizona

(25) Puerto Ricans in this state rioted against police in 1977 during the Humboldt Park riots. A representative from this state won 6.5 percent of the national vote while running for president in 1980 as an independent candidate. Protestors in this home state of John B. Anderson declared "the whole world is watching" as police beat demonstrators on the orders of mayor Richard Daley. For ten points, name this state where the 1968 Democratic National Convention occurred in Chicago.

Answer: Illinois

(26) During this campaign, the death of Jane McCrea at the hands of the Hurons was used by the Americans as a propaganda tool to deter Loyalist support of the British. Daniel Morgan's sharpshooters felled over 10 percent of the enemy forces during this campaign's Battle of Freeman's Farm. Due to this victory, King Louis XVI agreed to open alliance negotiations with American diplomat Benjamin Franklin. For ten points, name this "Turning Point of the Revolution," a 1777 defeat of Burgoyne's British forces.

Answer: Saratoga Campaign (accept Battle(s) of Saratoga)

(27) The rates of these things were reduced in an 1894 Revenue Act that would have also created the first peacetime income tax in the U.S. to offset that reduction. Despite Robert LaFollette's objections, William McKinley signed one of these things into law named for Payne and Aldrich. President Hoover's approval of one of these things named for Hawley and Smoot may have exacerbated the Great Depression. For ten points, name these taxes on imported goods.

Answer: Import Tariffs (prompt on answers indicating taxes on imports/exports prior to "taxes")

(28) This leader overruled Nelson Miles by preventing the Nez Perce from returning to Idaho. This leader led the northern assault on Missionary Ridge during the Chattanooga campaign. This leader was unable to defeat Joseph Johnston during an assault on Kennesaw Mountain. Twisted railroads were nicknamed this man's "neckties" during his scorched earth campaign from Atlanta to Savannah. For ten points, name this general who led the "March to the Sea" during the Civil War.

Answer: William Tecumseh Sherman

(29) Forces under Patrick Connor murdered over 250 members of this tribe in the Bear River Massacre. Chief Pocatello led the northern branch of this tribe, which names a waterfall on the

Snake River that served as an important fishing site. This tribe's most famous member was married to Toussaint Charbonneau after being sold to the Hidatsa. That woman from this tribe worked as a guide and interpreter on the Lewis & Clark Expedition. For ten points, name this Native American tribe whose members included Sacagawea.

Answer: Shoshone

(30) Two months after publishing the memoir *The Riot Within*, this man was found dead after accidentally drowning in a pool. Unrest caused by this man's beating led George H.W. Bush to deploy the California National Guard. In an attempt to quell violence after a jury acquitted Tim Singer and company of wrongdoing, this man said, "Can we all get along?" For ten points, name this Black man whose beating by the LAPD led to the 1992 Los Angeles riots.

Answer: Rodney King

Extra Question/Tie Breaker

(31) This student of Samuel F.B. Morse ran ads in the *New York Tribune* saying he could take *cartes de visite* photos before husbands and sons went off to war. This man's apprentice, Alexander Gardner, took controversial photos of the hanging of the Lincoln conspirators. This man shocked much of the American public by depicting graphic photos in his 1862 exhibition *The Dead of Antietam*. For ten points, name this man who sat 18 of the 19 U.S. presidents from John Quincy Adams to William McKinley for photographic portraits.

Answer: Mathew Brady