Extra Questions

(1) This party expanded women's rights after winning all but three seats in the Massachusetts legislature in 1854. Levi Boone was a mayor of Chicago from this party who sparked the Lager Beer Riot. During a namesake Baltimore riot that took place during the election of Thomas Swann, this party allied with gangs like the Plug Uglies. Millard Fillmore was reluctant to comment on the activities of this party, even though he was nominated by them in 1856. For the point, name this xenophobic U.S. political party.

ANSWER: **Know Nothing**(s) Party (accept Native American Party)

(2) This person was the primary beneficiary in the Hall Carbine Affair. This person formed the Northern Securities Company after allying with James J. Hill to shut out E.H. Harriman from the Chicago, Burlington, and Quincy Railroad. This person was the junior partner of Anthony Drexel in the formation of a company that ended up financing U.S. Steel. This leader pledged much of his fortune to save U.S. credit during the Panic of 1907. For the point, name this Gilded Age financier whose namesake bank merged with Chase.

ANSWER: J(ohn) P(ierpont) Morgan

(3) An effort to block this agreement included the Treaty of Chambord, in which France promised military aid to Maurice of Saxony in his attempts to stop an "Interim" period enacted to negotiate this treaty. The Edict of Restitution attempted to circumvent this treaty, which integrated Calvinism after the later Peace of Westphalia was signed. Charles V brokered this treaty with the Schmalkaldic League, establishing the principle of "cuius regio, eius religio." For the point, name this 1555 treaty that allowed German states to choose between Lutheranism or Catholicism.

ANSWER: Peace of **Augsburg** (accept Augsburg Settlement)

(4) Eli Hart's store of flour was attacked in the aftermath of this event after a fiery meeting of the Locofocos. Devaluation of paper currency occurred in this event due to the issuance of a presidential executive order that was favored by Thomas Hart Benton and the advocates of gold and silver. New York banks refused to redeem paper money at full value after this event, which was largely the work of Andrew Jackson. For the point, name this economic recession that followed the Specie Circular during Martin van Buren's administration.

ANSWER: Panic of 1837

(5) This figure wounded rival Matt Stewart in the shoulder during a shoot-out over control of advertising space. This figure's FBI file includes an invitation to J. Edgar Hoover to "show those young people what celebratin's about" at this figure's corporate-sponsored 80th birthday party in 1970. On the panel show What's My Line?, this businessman was told he was "too beautiful to work" in his white suit, which he began wearing along with a trademark goatee in the 1950s. For the point, name this American entrepreneur who founded Kentucky Fried Chicken.

ANSWER: **Colonel** Harland David **Sanders** (accept Colonel Harland F. Sanders, as he appears with that initial in FBI documents)

(6) This leader was the only person in the 19th century to die as a member of the House of Representatives and then lie in state in the U.S. Capitol building. This leader went beyond the Ironclad Oath by proposing total disenfranchisement for five years. This leader claimed that certain territories were "conquered provinces," and thus legal protections did not apply to them. Along with John Bingham, this leader introduced articles of impeachment against Andrew Johnson. For the point, name this leader of the Radical Republicans during Reconstruction.

ANSWER: Thaddeus Stevens

(7) While taking over this entity in 1964, John Okello massacred thousands of Shirazis. Tippu Tib established clove plantations on this entity while working for its leaders as a slave trader. In 1837, Said bin Sultan, the last ruler of a united Omani Empire, moved his capital to this island. The succession of Sultan Khalid bin Barghash on this island led to it being shelled by the British for thirty-eight minutes in the shortest war in history. The "House of Wonders" was located on this island which, for the point, Julius Nyerere merged with Tanganyika to create the country of Tanzania.

ANSWER: Zanzibar

(8) This leader jumped into the arms of Chuck Connors, the star of his favorite TV show, The Rifleman, one of the few American programs aired in this man's country. This leader consolidated power after the failure of the Kosygin reforms. A doctrine named for this man was used to justify ousting the leader of the KSC and assassinating the leader of the PDPA. This leader signed both SALT treaties, but that did not stop him from authorizing an invasion of Afghanistan. For the point, name this Soviet leader who succeeded Nikita Khrushchev.

ANSWER: Leonid Brezhnev

(9) As an apprentice, this man sailed with John Lok, an ancestor of philosopher John Locke, to West Africa. Sailing with the Gabriel and the Michael for Queen Elizabeth I, this explorer sailed to what he believed was Labrador. While on a search for the Northwest Passage, this man thought he discovered gold, but the 1350 tons of rock he brought home turned out to be hornblende. A US Air Force base in Nunavut bore this man's name. For the point, name this English explorer who names a bay on the southeast corner of Baffin Island.

ANSWER: Martin Frobisher

(10) This man denounced fascism as a form of "pagan Caesarianism" and employed the slogan "God, Fatherland, and Family." This man erected a "Camp of the Slow Death" in Tarrafal which was located in the islands of Cape Verde. Pope Leo XIII influenced the tenets of a regime led by this former professor of economic policy. The successor of this man faced a liberal rebellion in 1974 known as *Revoluçao dos Cravos*. The non-Brazilian Estado Novo was run by, for the point, what dictator of Portugal for thirty-six years?

ANSWER: António de Oliveira Salazar

(4)

(5)