Test: Military History MS

Question 1 of 75

Which of the following resulted in the earliest known surviving peace treaty?

- A) the Battle of Megiddo
- **B**) the Battle of Jericho
- **C)** the Battle of the Ten Kings
- D) the Battle of Kadesh

Question 2 of 75

In the Battle of Thermopylae, the Persians defeated the forces of which Greek city-state?

- A) Athens
- **B**) Sparta
- C) Thebes
- D) Delos

Question 3 of 75

Hannibal was the main enemy commander opposing the Romans in what conflict?

- A) the First Punic War
- B) the Second Punic War
- C) the Second Servile War
- D) the First Mithridatic War

Question 4 of 75

In 732, Charles Martel defeated the forces of which of the following at the Battle of Tours?

- **A)** the Umayyad Caliphate
- **B**) the English
- C) the Vikings
- **D**) the Goths

Question 5 of 75

Pope Urban II proclaimed which of the following in 1095 at the Council of Clermont?

- A) the Reconquista
- **B**) the First Crusade
- C) the Second Crusade
- D) the Albigensian Crusade

Question 6 of 75

Joan of Arc was a hero for France in what major conflict?

- A) the First Baron's War
- B) the War of the League of Cambrai
- C) the Hundred Years' War
- D) the Thirty Years' War

Question 7 of 75

All of these are true of Ivan the Terrible EXCEPT which of the following?

- A) his death in 1584 began the 'Time of Troubles'
- B) he was able to conquer the Khanates of Kazan and Astrakhan
- C) he was crowned the first Tsar of Russia in 1547
- **D**) he was defeated in the Livonian War in the 1580s

Question 8 of 75

Which of the following was the result of the Battle of Sekigahara?

- A) the battle marks the beginning of the Tokugawa shogunate
- B) Toyotomi Hideyoshi was able to consolidate his power over Japan
- C) the forces of the Emperor Meiji were able to restore imperial rule
- D) the Charter Oath was signed by Japanese nobles

Question 9 of 75

Pope (Po'pay) organized what seventeenth century rebellion against the Spanish in presentday New Mexico?

- A) Pontiac's Rebellion
- **B**) the Pequot War
- **C)** the Pueblo Revolt
- D) King Philip's War

Question 10 of 75

Which pair of conflicts was fought simultaneously in Europe at the beginning of the eighteenth century?

- A) the War of the Austrian Succession the Seven Years' War
- B) the War of the Spanish Succession and the Great Northern War
- C) the Second Anglo-Dutch War and the English Civil War
- D) the Thirty Years' War and the Wars of the Roses

Question 11 of 75

The 1754 Battle of Fort Necessity was the only surrender in the military career of what commander?

- **A)** Lord Cornwallis
- **B**) Horatio Gates
- **C)** Richard Henry Lee
- D) George Washington

Question 12 of 75

Pickett's Charge took place at what 1863 Civil War battle?

- **A**) Shiloh
- **B**) Gettysburg
- **C**) Vicksburg
- **D**) Fredericksburg

Question 13 of 75

Engagements at El Caney, Las Guasimas and San Juan Hill took place in what modern-day country in 1898?

- **A**) Spain
- **B**) the Philippines
- C) Cuba
- **D**) the United States

Question 14 of 75

All of these are true of the Gallipoli Campaign EXCEPT which of the following?

- A) Mustafa Kemal Ataturk was killed in the battle, thus derailing the Turkish independence movement
- B) ANZAC forces played a pivotal role for the Entente powers
- C) David Lloyd George became prime minister of England following the campaign
- D) it was considered a major victory for the Ottomans

Question 15 of 75

All of these were technological advancements used for the first time in warfare during World War I EXCEPT which of the following?

- **A**) tanks
- **B**) aircraft carriers
- **C**) machine guns
- **D**) wireless communication

Question 16 of 75

The Second Italo-Abyssinian War was a precursor to what major conflict?

- A) the Crimean War
- B) World War I
- C) World War II
- D) the Korean War

Question 17 of 75

World War II began in September 1939 with the German invasion of which of the following?

- **A**) Belgium
- **B**) Poland
- **C**) the Netherlands
- 🔘 D) Austria

Question 18 of 75

Which of the following has been called the first major military campaign fought entirely by air forces?

- A) the bombing of Guernica
- **B**) the Battle of the Atlantic
- **C)** the Battle of the Bulge
- **D**) the Battle of Britain

Question 19 of 75

The iconic photograph of United States Marines raising the American flag on Mount Suribachi was taken during what World War II battle?

- **A**) Mindanao
- **B**) Okinawa
- 🔵 C) 🛛 Iwo Jima
- **D**) Berlin

Question 20 of 75

Which of these was the result of the Bay of Pigs Invasion?

- A) a humiliating defeat for the US-backed invasion
- B) a successful landing for US-backed Cuban exiles who were able to wage a yearslong guerilla war against the Castro regime
- C) a massive bombing campaign against Cuba that led to Soviet intervention in 1962.
- D) the Castro government in Cuba was deposed

Question 21 of 75

Operation Tail Wind was part of a 1970s conflict involving the state of Biafra in what African nation?

- **A**) Algeria
- **B**) Nigeria
- C) the Democratic Republic of the Congo
- **D**) Cameroon

Question 22 of 75

A major regional conflict, which ended in a stalemate in 1988, broke out between what two neighboring countries in September 1980?

- A) Greece and Turkey
- B) Yugoslavia and Czechoslovakia
- C) Iran and Iraq
- **D**) Jordan and Syria

Question 23 of 75

Which of the following resulted in the overthrow of the Ba'ath Party and the installation of the Coalition Provisional Authority based in the Green Zone?

- A) the Persian Gulf War of 1991
- B) the Iraq-ISIL War
- C) the 2001 US invasion of Afghanistan
- D) the 2003 US invasion of Iraq

Question 24 of 75

Operation Urgent Fury was the official name for the US invasion of which of the following in the 1980s?

- **A**) Grenada
- 🔘 **B)** Panama
- C) Afghanistan
- 🔵 D) Iran

Question 25 of 75

Nagorno-Karabakh is the subject of an ongoing conflict between which two nations?

- **A**) Greece and Turkey
- **B)** Armenia and Azerbaijan
- C) Georgia and Russia
- D) Belarus and Ukraine

Question 26 of 75

The Battle of Red Cliffs was a major naval engagement near the end of which of the following periods of Chinese history?

- **A**) the Qin Dynasty
- B) the Han Dynasty
- C) the Three Kingdoms period
- **D**) the Jin Dynasty

Question 27 of 75

Operation Enduring Freedom was the name given to American military operations in which of the following countries in the early twenty-first century?

- **A**) Afghanistan
- OB) Iraq
- C) Syria
- 🔵 D) Iran

Question 28 of 75

What German battleship was sunk off the coast of France in May 1941 by the Royal Navy, providing a significant moral victory for Great Britain in World War II?

- **A**) the Scharnhorst
- B) the Graf Zeppelin
- C) the Bismarck
- **D**) the Tirpitz

Question 29 of 75

Which of the following resulted in Pope Eugene II calling the Second Crusade in 1145?

- A) the fall of Edessa
- **B**) the capture of Ascalon
- C) the intense desire of European nobles and the papacy to recapture Jerusalem
- **D**) the rise of the Cathar heresy in France

Question 30 of 75

The War of the Pacific between Chile, Bolivia and Peru was largely fought in the 1880s for which of the following reasons?

- A) territorial claims made by Chile in the Atacama Desert
- B) to establish Chilean dominance over the Patagonian region
- C) resolution of claims made by each country in the Amazon basin
- D) disputes over control of the territory of the former Gran Colombia

Question 31 of 75

Several engagements in the Mysore Wars of the late eighteenth century led to the development of what artillery weapon by the British in the early nineteenth century, notably used during the War of 1812?

- **A**) grapeshot
- B) the mortar
- C) the Congreve rocket
- D) chain shot

Question 32 of 75

Which of the following empires collapsed following the fall of Harran and a military defeat at Megiddo in 609 BCE?

- **A**) the Egyptian 26th dynasty
- **B**) the Neo-Babylonians
- C) the Kingdom of Judah
- D) the Neo-Assyrians

Question 33 of 75

Which major city in northern Iraq was taken by ISIL in June of 2014 and finally liberated by the Iraqi Army in the summer of 2017?

- **A**) Baghdad
- **B**) Fallujah
- C) Mosul
- 🔘 D) Ramadi

Question 34 of 75

Japan lost all of the following aircraft carriers at the Battle of Midway EXCEPT which of the following?

- 🔘 A) Yamamoto
- 🔘 B) Akagi
- 🔘 **C)** Kaga
- 🔘 D) Soryu

Question 35 of 75

Which of these is true of the Treaty of Paris of 1763 that ended the Seven Years' War?

- A) France lost its valuable sugar-producing colony of Guadeloupe to the British
- B) France ceded certain eastern territories of Louisiana to the British
- C) Quebec was allowed to remain a French possession
- D) Spain was temporarily forced to cede Cuba to the British

Question 36 of 75

Which of the following names the 1920s struggle in Mexico resulting from perceived anti-Catholic measures undertaken by President Plutarco Calles?

- A) the Dirty War
- B) the Zapatista rebellion
- C) the Cristero War
- **D**) the War of Reform

Question 37 of 75

Which of the following best characterizes the result of the Battle of Crecy in 1346?

- A) It was a resounding defeat for the forces of Edward III
- B) It resulted in the capture of Calais, which the English held for over two centuries afterward
- C) It was the last major battle of the Hundred Years' War
- D) It resulted in the capture of Phillip IV by the English and his subsequent ransom

Question 38 of 75

What numerical nickname was given to the Mitsubishi A6M fighter, commonly used by the Japanese throughout World War II?

- **A**) the 'A6'
- B) the 'Zero'
- C) the '88'
- **D**) the 'Lucky 7'

Question 39 of 75

All of these are examples of ancient torsion-spring siege weapons EXCEPT which of the following?

- A) ballista
- B) onager
- C) gastraphetes
- 🔘 D) harpax

Question 40 of 75

Armed peasant groups who opposed both of the major factions in the Russian Civil War of the early twentieth century were known by which of the following colorful names?

- **A**) the Grey Guards
- **B**) the White Army
- **C**) the Red Army
- **D**) the Green Army

Question 41 of 75

Which of the following was the result of the Rhodesian Bush War from 1964 to 1979?

- A) the adoption of the apartheid system from neighboring South Africa in Rhodesia
- B) the restoration of white minority rule in the Rhodesia for over a decade at the war's conclusion
- C) universal suffrage, majority rule, and independence for the nation of Zimbabwe
- OD) the arrest of Rhodesian Prime Minister Ian Smith on war crimes charges

Question 42 of 75

Which of the following provided the pretext for President Lyndon Johnson sending hundreds of thousands of American combat troops into Vietnam starting in 1964?

- A) the seizure of the Mayaguez
- **B**) the capture of the USS Pueblo
- C) Operation Paul Bunyan
- **D**) the Gulf of Tonkin incident

Question 43 of 75

What 1962 agreement, signed by France and the FLN, resulted in independence for Algeria after a nearly decade-long war?

- **A**) the Treaty of Portsmouth
- **B**) the Camp David Accords
- C) the Bretton Woods Agreement
- D) the Evian Accords

Question 44 of 75

The historian Livy gives a detailed account of what battle, fought around 390 BCE, that resulted in Rome being sacked by Gauls, mainly the Senones?

- A) the Battle of Lake Trasimene
- B) the Battle of the Allia
- C) the Battle of the Tiber
- D) the Battle of Ticinus

Question 45 of 75

Which of the following was the stated military objective of Operation Barbarossa during World War II?

- A) occupying Soviet territory west of the Arkhangelsk–Astrakhan line
- B) occupying the entire Soviet Union
- C) the destruction of the Red Army and of major cities like Moscow and Stalingrad
- D) preventing the Soviet Union from entering World War II by causing maximum military and civilian casualties

Question 46 of 75

The first purpose-built field telephones were used during which conflict?

- A) the American Civil War
- B) the Second Boer War
- **C**) the Russian Civil War
- D) the Spanish Civil War

Question 47 of 75

Which of the following best characterizes the 1917 Zimmermann telegram, a document which helped bring the United States into World War I?

- A) it was a secret German diplomatic communication that proposed a military alliance between Germany and Mexico
- B) it was a warning to the United States that unrestricted submarine warfare was about to resume in the Atlantic
- C) it was the announcement by the newly formed Soviet Union that they were ending their participation in the war
- (D) it was a telegram sent to the German ambassador from Woodrow Wilson following the sinking of the Lusitania

Question 48 of 75

The Bodo League massacre was a mass execution of suspected communists ordered by what leader in the summer of 1950?

- **A)** Syngman Rhee
- OB) Kim II-sung
- C) Mao Zedong
- 🔘 D) Ngo Dinh Diem

Question 49 of 75

Which of the following was a Nazi unit that fought for the Nationalists during the Spanish Civil War in the 1930s?

- **A**) the Iron Guard
- **B**) the Condor Legion
- C) the Viriatos
- D) the Falange

Question 50 of 75

What 1644 battle saw former Ming general Wu Sangui ally with Prince-Regent Dorgon to defeat Li Zicheng and establish the Qing Dynasty?

- A) the Red Turban Rebellion
- B) the Battle of Buir Lake
- **C**) the Battle of Shanhai Pass
- **D**) the Battle of Lake Poyang

Question 51 of 75

The 1071 CE battle of Manzikert was a major victory over the Byzantine Empire by which of the following?

- **A)** the Seljuk Empire
- **B**) the Mongols
- C) the Ottomans
- **D)** the Fatimid Caliphate

Question 52 of 75

Which of the following best describes the result of the Battle of Plataea in 479 BCE?

- A) it was a resounding victory for the allied Greek city-states over Persia
- **B**) it was an inconclusive battle with devastating losses for both the Greeks and Persians
- C) it was a narrow strategic defeat for the Greeks that enabled a major victory over the Persians at the naval Battle of Mycale shortly afterwards
- **D**) it was a resounding victory for the Persians over the allied Greek city-states

Question 53 of 75

In 2016, Colombian President Juan Manuel Santos signed a peace agreement that ended nearly fifty years of fighting with which of the following guerrilla groups?

A) ETA

B) Shining Path

- C) FARC
- **D**) the PIRA

Question 54 of 75

What Nazi general died by suicide in October 1944 after commanding Axis forces in North Africa in the early stages of the war?

- **A)** Ludwig Beck
- B) Claus von Stauffenberg
- C) Hermann Goring
- **D**) Erwin Rommel

Question 55 of 75

The Battle of Cajamarca resulted in the capture of what ruler of the Inca Empire by the Spanish?

- **A)** Huascar
- 🔘 B) Huayna Capac
- C) Atahualpa
- **D**) Tupac Amaru

Question 56 of 75

What city on the Perfume River in Vietnam was the site of a two-month siege in early 1968 that proved one of the longest and bloodiest battles of the Vietnam War?

A) Hue

🔘 **B)** Hanoi

- C) Da Nang
- D) Saigon

Question 57 of 75

Which of the following was the result of the Battle of the Chesapeake in 1781?

- A) the British decisively defeated an American fleet and forced the Continental Army to retreat towards Baltimore
- B) the British were able to capture Fort McHenry
- C) the Americans captured several British capital ships, proving decisive in the closing stages of the war
- D) the Comte de Grasse prevented the Royal Navy from reinforcing Lord Cornwallis leading to the defeat at Yorktown

Question 58 of 75

Gaius Suetonius Paulinus was best known for putting down which major revolt against Roman rule in the first century CE?

- A) the Third Servile War
- **B)** the Bar Kokhba revolt
- C) the Lusitanian War
- D) the Boudican rebellion

Question 59 of 75

Which of the following best describes Operation Downfall during World War II?

- A) it was the Allied codename for the proposed land invasion of Japan in the fall of 1945
- **B**) it was the name given to the Allied attempt to create an invasion route into northern Germany in 1944
- C) it was the codename given to the Allied invasion of Sicily in 1944
- D) it was the name given to the last major German offensive of World War II

Question 60 of 75

Which of the following was the main result of the Eighty Years' War?

- **A**) the unification of Germany
- **B**) the partition of Poland
- C) the independence of the Dutch Republic from Spain
- **D**) religious toleration for the Huguenots in France

Question 61 of 75

The American Asiatic Squadron destroyed the Spanish Pacific Squadron at what 1898 battle?

- **A)** Havana Harbor
- OB) Manila Bay
- **C)** Santiago de Cuba
- D) Tsingtao

Question 62 of 75

The Battle of Mukden was the last and most decisive land battle of which conflict?

- A) the Crimean War
- **B**) the Austro-Prussian War
- C) the Spanish-American War
- D) the Russo-Japanese War

Question 63 of 75

All of these countries host nuclear weapons belonging to the United States EXCEPT which of the following?

- **A**) Turkey
- **B**) Italy
- C) Belgium
- D) Poland

Question 64 of 75

Which of the following was invaded by Russia following a period of increased tensions between the two nations in August 2008?

- **A**) Ukraine
- **B**) Azerbaijan
- C) Chechnya
- **D**) Georgia

Question 65 of 75

The Marco Polo Bridge Incident is considered to be the start of what twentieth-century military action?

- A) the Korean War
- B) the Second Sino-Japanese War
- C) the Second Italo-Ethiopian War
- D) the Persian Gulf War

Question 66 of 75

The Battle of Covadonga in in early eighth century CE is considered to be the beginning of what period of Spanish history?

- A) the Spanish Inquisition
- B) the unification of Spain
- C) the Reconquista
- **D**) the Umayyad conquest of Spain

Question 67 of 75

Over 1 million people died from each of these diseases worldwide due to unusual outbreaks tied to World War I EXCEPT which of the following?

- **A**) chicken pox
- B) encephalitis lethargica
- C) influenza
- D) epidemic typhus

Question 68 of 75

His victory in which of the following battles is traditionally said to have begun Constantine's conversion to Christianity?

- **A**) the Battle of Adrianople
- B) the Battle of Mardia
- C) the Battle of Milvian Bridge
- D) the siege of Massilia

Question 69 of 75

Subi Reef, currently occupied and being developed by the Chinese government, is a location in the South China Sea also claimed by all of the following EXCEPT

- **A**) Taiwan
- B) the Philippines
- C) Vietnam
- 🔵 D) India

Question 70 of 75

The 1942 Soviet counteroffensive to encircle and destroy the German and Axis forces in and around Stalingrad was known by what operational name?

- A) Operation Uranus
- B) Operation Market Garden
- **C)** Operation Juno
- D) Case Blue

Question 71 of 75

All of these were among the so-called Islamic 'Gunpowder Empires' EXCEPT which of the following?

- **A**) Fatimid
- 🔘 **B)** Ottoman
- C) Safavid
- OD) Mughal

Question 72 of 75

All of these are true of the casualties that occurred during World War II EXCEPT which of the following?

- A) the deadliest phase of the war was the American bombing of Japan in 1945
- B) it was the largest and deadliest war in human history
- C) there were approximately twice as many civilian casualties as military casualties
- OD) conservative estimates put the total number of casualties between 1939 and 1945 at nearly 60 million

Question 73 of 75

The 'Charge of the Light Brigade' took place in 1854 during which major battle of the Crimean War?

- **A**) Sinop
- B) Balaclava
- C) Sevastopol
- **D**) Kronstadt

Question 74 of 75

The Siege of Port Hudson was the last battle in the Union Army strategy to capture what strategic location during the American Civil War?

- **A)** the Potomac River
- OB) Richmond, VA
- C) Montgomery, AL
- **D)** the Mississippi River

Question 75 of 75

The 'Football War' was a brief skirmish between what two Central American countries?

- A) El Salvador and Honduras
- **B**) Guatemala and Nicaragua
- C) Belize and Costa Rica
- D) Panama and Nicaragua