

## Round 3

### First Quarter

(1) One of these political parties sponsored Marie-Ségolène Royal for President in 2007. This type of political party gained power in France in 1981 under Francois Mitterand and regained power in 2012 under Francois Hollande; Hollande's platform included a "Robin Hood" tax and an expansion of public housing. For ten points, name this political ideology that, generally, seeks shared ownership of capital, often conflated with communism.

ANSWER: Socialist Party (accept word forms; prompt on descriptions of French political parties until "France" is read)

(2) This project was proposed to Congress by Asa Whitney and funded by Collis Huntington, Mark Hopkins, and the rest of the Big Four. This project was completed when Leland Stanford drove a golden spike at Promontory Summit. The Union Pacific and Central Pacific were heavily involved in, for ten points, what 1863 project that linked Nebraska with the West Coast for the first time by rail?

ANSWER: first transcontinental railroad

(3) This country's neighbors have recently implemented the THAAD system to defend against it. A world leader threatened this country with "fire and fury like the world has never seen" in a controversial 2017 press conference. This country, which claims to have ICBMs, tested a hydrogen bomb at Punggye-ri in 2017. For ten points, name this East Asian country led by Supreme Leader Kim Jong-un.

ANSWER: North Korea (or Democratic People's Republic of Korea; accept DPRK; prompt on Korea; do not accept or prompt on Republic of Korea)

(4) Six people who escaped this event were rescued by Tony Mendez in the Canadian Caper. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance resigned after Operation Eagle Claw, a botched attempt to end this event, which began in response to the US's refusal to return Shah Mohammed Reza Pahlavi to his home country. For ten points, name this event in which dozens of Americans were held for 444 days after an embassy in Tehran was attacked.

ANSWER: Iranian hostage crisis

(5) A cantata by this composer humorously describes an addiction to coffee. This composer's *Saint Matthew Passion* was performed by Felix Mendelssohn in 1829, leading to a revival of his work, such as *The Art of Fugue* and the *Brandenburg Concertos*. For ten points, name this harpsichord and organ virtuoso, a German composer who was the earliest of the "three B's" of classical music.

ANSWER: Johann Sebastian Bach

(6) Due to his actions in this city, Colonel Gail Halvorsen gained the nicknames "Uncle Wiggly Wings" and "The Chocolate Flier." Supplies were given to this city's residents during Operation Little Vittles by Americans, who flew planes over this city during a 1948 Soviet blockade. For ten points, name this European capital city that was divided by the Allies following World War II.

ANSWER: Berlin

(7) This man, who refused to allow customs officials to search the *Lydia*, rose to prominence after he was accused of smuggling contraband on the sloop *Liberty*. This man served as the first governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and also chaired the Second Continental Congress. For ten points, name this man who is best known for signing the Declaration of Independence in exceptionally large writing.

ANSWER: John Hancock

(8) In 2017, this company produced *Amelia Earhart: The Lost Evidence*, which was heavily criticized for claiming Earhart was captured by the Japanese. Giorgio Tsoukalos appeared on a Kevin Burns-produced show for this network which examined the possibility of Egyptian astronauts. *Ancient Aliens* airs on, for ten points, what television channel that was once primarily dedicated to past events?

ANSWER: The History Channel

## Second Quarter

(1) This technology's spread was aided by the Battle of the Talas River, in which the Abbasids received it from captured prisoners. Rotary examples of a machine that used this technology soon succeeded a machine that used movable type, which was invented by a man who used it to create 42-line Bibles. For ten points, name this Chinese invention that is used in printing presses.

ANSWER: paper (accept descriptions of "making paper" throughout the tossup; prompt on descriptions of printing or printing presses after "Rotary" is read by asking what material is used))

BONUS: This German invented the movable type printing press in the 15th century.

ANSWER: Johannes Gutenberg

(2) This organization has been led by Hibatullah Akhundzada since the 2016 death of Akhtar Mansour, who was killed in a US drone strike; Mansour succeeded Muhammad Omar, whose 2013 death from tuberculosis was kept secret for over two years. This group was overthrown in December 2001 in the first US invasion to follow the 9/11 attacks. For ten points, name this insurgent group that once ruled most of Afghanistan.

ANSWER: Taliban (or Islamic Emirate of Afghanistan)

BONUS: At its height, the Taliban controlled the southern and central regions of Afghanistan, including this capital city.

ANSWER: Kabul

(3) A candidate from this political party was supported by the “A Time For Choosing” speech and used the slogan “AuH<sub>2</sub>O.” [spell it out] This party nominated Barry Goldwater for President in 1964; he lost to Lyndon Johnson, but his nominating convention featured a breakthrough moment for future President from this party, Ronald Reagan. The GOP is an alternate name for, for ten points, what American political party that opposes the Democrats?

ANSWER: **Republican** Party (prompt on GOP before mentioned)

BONUS: Political cartoonist Thomas Nast popularized this animal as the symbol of the Republican Party.

ANSWER: **elephant**

(4) This holiday remembers a sacrifice made “between the evenings” on the fourteenth day of Nisan. In English, this holiday is named for a miracle in which the Hebrews spread their doors’ lintels with the blood of lambs as a sign to God to spare their firstborn children, and is celebrated with the eating of matza, unleavened bread. For ten points, name this Jewish holiday that celebrates the exodus of the Hebrews from slavery in Egypt.

ANSWER: **Passover** (accept **Pesach**)

BONUS: This former Egyptian prince led the Hebrews out of Egypt and wandered with them in the desert for forty years before passing leadership to Joshua.

ANSWER: **Moses** (accept **Moshe** or **Musa**)

(5) The Wilson-Gorman Tariff was the first peacetime implementation of this policy. The first type of this policy used in the United States was passed in the Revenue Act of 1861 which was meant to finance the Civil War. The Sixteenth Amendment allowed the federal government to collect this specific type of tax. For ten points, name this tax, which comes in flat and progressive types, on how much an individual makes in a year.

ANSWER: **income** tax (prompt on tax)

BONUS: This often-understaffed US government agency is responsible for collecting taxes and auditing taxpayers.

ANSWER: **Internal Revenue Service** (or **IRS**)

(6) This man, who ruled with the aid of Lavrentiy Beria’s secret police, was given pretext to remove his political enemies during the Doctors’ Plot. This man presided over the Holodomor famine in the Ukraine as well as the creation of kolkhoz collective farms in the First Five Year Plan. The “Great Purge” was ordered by, for ten points, what leader of the USSR during World War II?

ANSWER: Joseph **Stalin** (or Ioseb **Jughashvili**)

BONUS: Much of Stalin’s Great Purge was orchestrated by Nikolai Yezhov, leader of the NKVD, a secret police. The NKVD was a precursor to this Soviet “Committee for State Security,” whose spies were often tracked by the American CIA.

ANSWER: **KGB** (or **Komitet Gosudarstvennoy Bezopasnosti**)

(7) Forts Clinton and Montgomery were built on either side of this river. A chain across this river was among the fortifications detailed by Benedict Arnold in his messages to the British as he tried to forfeit West Point. The namesake of this river also names a Canadian bay in which he was set adrift in 1611. For ten points, name this river that separates New Jersey and Manhattan.

ANSWER: Hudson River

BONUS: West Point, whose campus overlooks the Hudson River, is the academy for this branch of the US military.

ANSWER: US Army

(8) After defeating Andrea Leadsom in 2016, this politician came into conflict with SNP First Minister Nicola Sturgeon. Although this politician led a coalition supported by the DUP, a series of failed meaningful votes on a pet project has triggered this politician's recent resignation as the leader of the Conservative Party and head of government. For ten points, name the current acting prime minister of the UK.

ANSWER: Theresa Mary Brasier May

BONUS: Three meaningful votes have already failed to pass Parliament for this Theresa May project, the proposed removal of the UK from the European Union.

ANSWER: Brexit

## Third Quarter

The categories are . . .

1. Causes of the American Revolution
2. Romanov Russia
3. The Pacific War

## CAUSES OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

Name the...

(1) Massachusetts city where protests, including a Tea Party, were led by Samuel Adams.

ANSWER: **Boston**

(2) Process that James Otis Jr. claimed should not happen “without representation.”

ANSWER: **taxation**

(3) King of England during the American Revolution.

ANSWER: **George III** (prompt on “George”)

(4) 1765 act that placed duties on most paper and printed goods.

ANSWER: **Stamp** Act

(5) Process of housing soldiers in the homes of private citizens; it is prohibited by the Third Amendment.

ANSWER: **quartering**

(6) Set of four acts that were passed after the aforementioned Tea Party as a punishment.

ANSWER: **Intolerable** Acts (accept **Coercive** Acts)

## ROMANOV RUSSIA

Name the...

(1) Title last held by Nicholas II, derived from the term Caesar.

ANSWER: Tsar (or czar)

(2) Global war that led to the fall of the Romanovs; Russia surrendered in it via the Treaty of Brest-Litovsk.

ANSWER: World War I (or the Great War)

(3) Hereditary blood clotting illness that Alexei Romanov inherited from Queen Victoria.

ANSWER: hemophilia

(4) Group of communist revolutionaries, opposed by the Mensheviks, that executed the Romanovs.

ANSWER: Bolsheviks (or Bolshevists; prompt on Reds)

(5) City that served as the Romanov capital, home to the Hermitage and the Winter Palace.

ANSWER: St. Petersburg

(6) Princess long rumored to have survived the execution of the Romanovs.

ANSWER: Anastasia Nikolaevna

## THE PACIFIC WAR

Name the...

(1) Country attacked at Pearl Harbor in 1941.

ANSWER: **United States** of America (or **USA**)

(2) Asian peninsula where Japan helped undermine the Joseon Dynasty in Seoul.

ANSWER: **Korean** Peninsula

(3) Country that Japan fought in the Second Sino-Japanese War, sparked by the 1937 Marco Polo Bridge incident.

ANSWER: Republic of **China**

(4) Country whose capital at Rangoon fell to the Japanese in early 1942.

ANSWER: **Burma**

(5) British Crown colony where a Japanese attack led to the largest British surrender in history.

ANSWER: **Singapore**

(6) Country that was attacked in the 1942 Darwin air raid.

ANSWER: **Australia**

## Fourth Quarter

(1) This man once ordered all female cows in his kingdom to be put to death, so their calves could mourn like this man did when his mother Nandi died. This man was displeased with the standard throwing spear, so he introduced the (+) iklwa and developed the “buffalo horn” formation for his impis. This man’s successor, Dingane [din-gah-nay], attempted to destroy the (\*) Boers to continue this man’s conquests in South Africa. For ten points, name this chief who unified the Zulu Empire.

ANSWER: Shaka Zulu (or Shaka kaSenzangakhona)

(2) During one invasion of this region, one side was forced to retreat back into Aedui territory after losing the Battle of Gergovia. This region was the site of a battle where (+) circumvallation was used to starve out the defenders of Alesia. This region was divided into “three parts” according to the (\*) memoirs of the general who conquered it, Julius Caesar. For ten points, name this Roman region which is roughly equivalent to modern-day France.

ANSWER: Gaul (accept Gallia; prompt on France; do not accept Cisalpine Gaul)

(3) This justice’s dissent in *Shelby County v. Holder* compared the Supreme Court’s decision to “throwing away your umbrella in a rainstorm because you are not getting wet.” This subject of the 2018 biopic *On the Basis of (+) Sex* co-founded the ACLU’s Women’s Rights Project and was nominated to succeed Byron White on the Supreme Court in (\*) 1993. For ten points, name this current Supreme Court Justice, the second woman to be appointed to the court.

ANSWER: Ruth Bader Ginsburg

(4) Hennig Brand tried to produce this element and accidentally discovered phosphorus by boiling his own urine. Ernest Rutherford fired alpha particles at a (+) foil made out of this element to prove the existence of the atomic nucleus. Electrum is an alloy of (\*) silver and this element, which alchemists sought to create by transmuting lead. The atomic symbol Au represents, for ten points, what element, an extremely valuable yellow metal?

ANSWER: gold (accept Au before mentioned)

(5) This man, who was rescued in Otto Skorzeny’s Gran Sasso Raid, avenged his country’s defeat at Adowa by defeating Haile Selassie during his annexation of (+) Ethiopia. Victor Emmanuel III granted this man power after he and his (\*) Blackshirts perpetrated the 1922 March on Rome. This leader entered the Pact of Steel with Germany and later joined Adolf Hitler and Hideki Tojo in the Axis. For ten points, name this leader of fascist Italy in World War II.

ANSWER: Benito Mussolini



(6) As governor, this man suppressed Gabriel Prosser's Rebellion, and he was later sent with Robert Livingston to negotiate the Louisiana Purchase. This man, who became the namesake of the (+) capital of Liberia, was president during the Era of (\*) Good Feelings and the Panic of 1819. For ten points, name the 5th U.S. President whose namesake doctrine forbade European colonization in the Western Hemisphere.

ANSWER: James Monroe

(7) In this novel, Jerry Cruncher works as a runner for Tellson's Bank and Dr. Manette makes shoes after his 18-year imprisonment in the (+) Bastille. In this novel, Madame Defarge is killed in a fight with Ms. Pross. A letter in this novel condemns Charles (\*) Darnay because of his father's crimes, leading Sydney Carton to replace him at the guillotine. For ten points, name this novel set in London and Paris by Charles Dickens.

ANSWER: A Tale of Two Cities

(8) This ocean's trading system was traversed by single-sail sambuk and dhow ships. The lack of an early warning system in this ocean led to the (+) deaths of 250,000 people after a 9.1 magnitude earthquake triggered a (\*) tsunami on Christmas of 2004. Rising sea levels in this ocean may completely submerge the islands of the Maldives. For ten points, name this ocean that includes the Bay of Bengal, the Arabian Sea, and the island of Sri Lanka.

ANSWER: Indian Ocean

## Extra Question

Only read if the moderator botches a question.

(1) This group regained prominence by capitalizing on outrage over Leo Frank's supposed murder of Mary Phagan. Robert Byrd, Hugo Black, and allegedly Harry Truman were all members of this group, which experienced a (+) revival thanks to D.W. Griffith's *The Birth of a Nation*. The 16th Street (\*) Baptist Church bombing was carried out by members of, for ten points, what white supremacist group?

ANSWER: Ku Klux Klan (or KKK)

BONUS: The Battle of Antietam took place in what US state, whose capital is Annapolis?

ANSWER: Maryland