

# Bowl Round 6

## First Quarter

(1) The “Twin Sister” cannons were used in this battle, in which Deaf Smith was ordered to destroy Vince’s Bridge during this battle and Mirabeau Lamar provided reinforcements. The rallying cries “Remember Goliad” and “Remember the Alamo” were used at this battle, where Santa Anna was captured. Sam Houston won, for ten points, what twenty-minute battle that ended the Mexican-American War?

ANSWER: Battle of San Jacinto

(2) This leader ordered the execution of Raynald de Chatillon [sha-tee-YOHN]. King Baldwin IV repelled an attack from this man at the Battle of Montgisard [mohn-gee-SAHR]. He was also defeated in the Battle of Arsuf after the winning side had sieged Acre [AH-kur]. This founder of the Ayyubid Dynasty captured Jerusalem after the Battle of Hattin, which prompted the Third Crusade. For ten points, name this Muslim Kurdish ruler whose main enemy was Richard the Lionhearted.

ANSWER: Saladin (or Salah ad-Din Yusuf ibn Ayyub)

(3) One side’s attack on Saarbrücken early in this war showed the value of their Chassepot [sha-say-poh] rifles, but was defeated at the Battle of Wissembourg [VISS-em-boorg]. The Army of Chalons was formed during this war to rescue troops encircled at Metz, and this war was ended by the Treaty of Frankfurt. The Second Empire was dissolved after a defeat at Sedan in this war. For ten points, name this war that resulted in the formation of the German Empire and the defeat of Napoleon III.

ANSWER: Franco-Prussian War (accept Franco-German War; accept War of 1870)

(4) Benjamin Chavis directed one event in this city that ended its program with Atonement and Reconciliation. A. Phillip Randolph and John Lewis were two of the “Big Six” that organized an event in this city that advocated for “Jobs and Freedom.” Jacob Coxey led an “Army” that protested unemployment by walking to this city. For ten points, name this city where Martin Luther King, Jr. gave his “I Have a Dream” speech on the steps of the Lincoln Memorial.

ANSWER: Washington D.C. or the District of Columbia

(5) This body of water’s southern shore was home to the Achaemenid province of Hyrcania. Astrakhan lies on a river delta that empties into this body of water, where demand for caviar has caused the Beluga sturgeon to be overfished. The world’s first offshore oil platform was built in this sea near Baku, Azerbaijan. For ten points, name this salty inland sea, considered the largest lake in the world.

ANSWER: Caspian Sea

(6) James Monroe was one of only two Americans wounded during this battle. The losing commander at this engagement ignored a message urging him to build fortifications found in his pocket after his death here; that commander was Johann Rall. The winning commander of this battle withdrew to prepare for the ensuing Battle of Princeton. For ten points, name this 1776 battle fought in New Jersey where, on Christmas night, George Washington's troops crossed the Delaware River.

ANSWER: Battle of Trenton

(7) This man's death was most likely in revenge of his killing of Jesus Herrera. His defeat at the Battle of Celaya by Alvaro Obregon led him to escape to Chihuahua. The assassination of Francisco Madero led this man to form a military band known as the Division of the North. This man's raid in Columbus led an unsuccessful expedition by John Pershing to capture him. For ten points, name this early 20th century Mexican bandit.

ANSWER: Pancho Villa

(8) Edwin Stanton and Abraham Lincoln were lawyers for John Manny, who was sued by this man for patent infringement. In 1902, this man's company merged with the Deering Harvester Company to create the International Harvester Company. This man is credited with inventing a device that harvested grain using moving blades on a platform. For ten points, name this inventor of the mechanical reaper.

ANSWER: Cyrus McCormick

(9) A five member team including Albert Gallatin and Henry Clay negotiated this treaty, whose unenforced ninth article was supposed to restore land to Native Americans. This treaty ended a war that led to the dissolution of the Federalist Party, but failed to end it before Andrew Jackson who won the Battle of New Orleans. For ten points, name this treaty that ended the War of 1812, named for a Belgian city.

ANSWER: Treaty of Ghent

(10) This hero and his friend Pirithous were once stuck to a bench in the underworld after attempting to kidnap Hades' wife Persephone. This hero's son Hippolytus rejected the advances of his stepmother, Phaedra. This hero's father, Aegeus, threw himself off a cliff in despair after this hero returned without changing his black sails to white. For ten points, name this hero, the legendary founder of Athens who defeated the Minotaur in the labyrinth.

ANSWER: Theseus

## Second Quarter

(1) The publication of a pamphlet espousing this concept caused Percy Shelley to be expelled from Oxford. A 1927 speech at Battersea Town Hall arguing for this concept questioned the idea of everlasting punishment as a defect in the moral character of Christ. Bertrand Russell's "Why I Am Not a Christian" argued in favor of, for ten points, what philosophical concept that opposes the existence of gods?

ANSWER: atheism (accept word forms; accept descriptions of not believing in god(s); do not accept agnosticism)

BONUS: This other philosophical position, championed by Enlightenment-era thinkers like Thomas Paine, holds that man can infer the existence of a generally non-intervening god.

ANSWER: deism (accept word forms)

(2) This country's parliament gives a fifty-seat bonus to its largest party. The Indignant Citizens Movement protested a series of 2011 austerity measures in this country, where in 2012 the neo-nazi Golden Dawn entered parliament. In a July 2015 referendum, voters in this country rejected bailout terms set by the "troika," leading to fears that this country would have to leave the euro and reintroduce the drachma. For ten points, what European country has been beset by a sovereign debt crisis leading to unrest in Athens?

ANSWER: Greece [or Hellenic Republic]

BONUS: Greek Euro coins feature this bird, a symbol of the goddess Athena and the city of Athens.

ANSWER: owl

(3) This man led the MBR-200, which failed to overthrow Carlos Andres Perez in 1992. This leader established a national chain of stores called Mercal and quipped that a podium "still smelled of sulfur" after calling George W. Bush "the devil." In 2013, this leader entered his fourth term while in Cuba for cancer treatment. For ten points, name this Socialist who ruled from 2002 to 2013 as President of Venezuela.

ANSWER: Hugo Rafael Chavez Frias

BONUS: This other South American country is led by Movement for Socialism leader Evo Morales, who lives in La Paz.

ANSWER: Bolivia

(4) This composer wrote a piece originally intended for a “mechanical orchestra” to commemorate the Battle of Vitoria, Wellington’s Victory. He included a funeral march in a symphony which was dedicated “to the memory of a great man” after its original dedicatee, Napoleon Bonaparte, declared himself Emperor. This finale of this man’s last symphony was a setting of a Friedrich Schiller poem. For ten points, name this composer of the Eroica Symphony whose Symphony #9 includes the “Ode to Joy.”

ANSWER: Ludwig van Beethoven

BONUS: Which five-movement symphony of Beethoven’s was subtitled “Recollections of Country Life” and included a musical depiction of a thunderstorm?

ANSWER: Pastoral Symphony [or Symphony no. 6 in F Major]

(5) Brazil bought three of these objects, which led to the nullification of the Pacts of May. The development of objects was partly inspired by Alfred Mahan, and their number and size was limited by the Washington Convention. The only remaining one of these vessels is the *USS Texas*, and the most famous vessel of this type is the only one to have sunk a submarine, though she spent the Battle of Jutland in port. Steam turbine propulsion and a uniform main battery were the main innovations on, for ten points, what class of revolutionary, all big gun ship?

ANSWER: Dreadnought (prompt on general terms like ship or battleship; do not accept specific terms like destroyer, cruiser, or carrier)

BONUS: Admiral Fisher also championed the uses of torpedoes on these smaller ships for defense against submarines. These fast ships typically escorted and screened larger ships.

ANSWER: Destroyers

(6) In 1998, West Windsor Township celebrated the 50th anniversary of this event, which occurred as part of The Mercury Theatre on Air’s Halloween special. This event opened with Dan Seymour stating that it was a dramatization, but this event’s fake news bulletins led people to believe aliens were invading earth. For ten points, name this event in which Orson Welles caused mass hysteria by narrating an adaptation of an HG Wells novel.

ANSWER: Radio broadcast of The War of the Worlds (prompt on partial answer)

BONUS: The broadcast of *The War of the Worlds* aired on a station belonging to this company, whose Evening News was anchored by Walter Cronkite.

ANSWER: Columbia Broadcasting System

(7) This ruler ignited a rebellion after appointing Yuri Dolgoruki to round up fugitive peasants in lands led by Kondraty Bulavin. This ruler signed the Treaty of Constantinople with Mustafa II, which led to this ruler creating his country's first navy base on the Sea of Azov. He instituted a beard tax for the boyars and traveled incognito to observe a Dutch shipyard as part of his Grand Embassy. For ten points, name this "great" Czar whose modernization included the founding of Saint Petersburg.

ANSWER: Peter I or Peter the Great

BONUS: Peter I was a part of this Russian Dynasty which ruled Russia until the fall of Nicholas II.

ANSWER: Romanov dynasty

(8) An alternative to this project was discouraged after the eruption of Momotombo. A yellow fever outbreak stalled this project under the management of Ferdinand de Lesseps. John Hay signed a series of treaties that allowed the U.S. to work on this project, which began in 1903 and required the construction of a massive lock system. For ten points, name this project that cut through Central America, linking the Atlantic and the Pacific.

ANSWER: Panama Canal

BONUS: What explorer, who crossed the Isthmus of Panama in 1513, names a city at the southern end of the Panama Canal?

ANSWER: Vasco Nunez de Balboa

## Third Quarter

The categories are ...

1. U.S. Labor Movement
2. Byzantine Empire
3. Ancient Greek Warfare

## U.S. LABOR MOVEMENT

In the history of American labor, who or what was...

(1) The political party of the USSR, opposed by the Taft-Hartley Act as part of the “Red Scare?”

ANSWER: Communist Party

(2) The U.S. President who broke the air traffic controllers’ strike in August 1981?

ANSWER: Ronald Reagan

(3) The organization of unions that merged with rival CIO in 1955?

ANSWER: American Federation of Labor (accept AFL-CIO)

(4) The union of freight drivers once led by Jimmy Hoffa?

ANSWER: International Brotherhood of Teamsters

(5) The founder and first president of that organization and a former cigar maker?

ANSWER: Samuel Gompers

(6) FDR’s only Secretary of Labor and first female cabinet member?

ANSWER: Frances Perkins

(7) The “Noble and Holy Order” led by Terrence Powderly in the 1880’s?

ANSWER: Knights of Labor

(8) The 1932 law that banned employers from requiring employees to not join unions?

ANSWER: Norris-LaGuardia Act (or Bill or Law; accept Anti-Injunction Bill, Act, or Law)

## BYZANTINE EMPIRE

In the history of the Byzantine Empire, who or what was...

(1) Its capital city, originally known as Byzantium and now known as Istanbul?

ANSWER: Constantinople

(2) The Italian city whose empire it continued in the east?

ANSWER: Rome

(3) The empire that arose after conquering the Byzantine Empire, which lasted until World War 1?

ANSWER: Ottoman Empire

(4) The official monotheistic religion of the empire, after a decree by Theodosius?

ANSWER: (Orthodox) Christianity

(5) The religious images banned by Leo III in the 8th century?

ANSWER: Icons (accept Iconoclasm)

(6) Germanic tribe conquered by Belisarius in north Africa, whose name now refers to general destruction of property?

ANSWER: Vandals (accept vandalism and other word forms)

(7) The wife of Justinian who convinced him not to flee from the Nika Riots?

ANSWER: Theodora

(8) Germanic tribe conquered by Belisarius in north Africa, whose name now refers to general destruction of property?

ANSWER: Mehmed II or Mehmed the Conqueror

## ANCIENT GREEK WARFARE

In Ancient Greece, who or what was...

(1) The Greek god of war?

ANSWER: **Ares**

(2) The city in Asia Minor legendarily sacked by Greek troops after the abduction of Helen?

ANSWER: **Troy**

(3) The militaristic rival of Athens led by Leonidas?

ANSWER: **Sparta**

(4) The Boetian city represented by the Sacred Band?

ANSWER: **Thebes**

(5) The city that dominated the isthmus connecting the Peloponnese to mainland Greece and was the center of a League led by Philip II?

ANSWER: **Corinth**

(6) The battle formation of rows of spear-bearing hoplites whose name comes from the Greek for “fingers”?

ANSWER: **Phalanx**

(7) The wooden ships with three banks of oars that formed the “Wooden Wall” of Athens?

ANSWER: **Triremes**

(8) The 479 BCE land battle where the Greeks killed the Persian general Mardonius?

ANSWER: **Plataea**



## Fourth Quarter

(1) Neil Finn sang that this concept is “within” and “without” in the opening lyrics of “Don’t Dream It’s Over.” Paul McCartney wrote a song with this title while in a grounded plane in New York during the (+) September 11th attacks. It is “just another word for nothing left to lose” in Janis Joplin’s “Me and Bobby McGee,” and K’Naan sang “they call (\*) me” this, “just like a wavin’ flag”. For ten points, name this political concept, the liberty to exert choice and a lack of oppression.

ANSWER: freedom

(2) This man founded the newspaper *The Spark* for his political party. He argued that countries would fight until the rise of socialist governments in the work (+) *Imperialism, the Highest Stage of Capitalism*. He advocated for “state capitalism” in his New Economic Policy as a replacement for “war communism.” In his pamphlet (\*) “What is to be Done?” this man pushed for the formation of a Vanguard Party to lead the government. For ten points, name this Soviet leader who led the Bolsheviks during the October Russian Revolution.

ANSWER: Vladimir Lenin

(3) This man presided over Samuel Chase’s impeachment trial, the first in American history. James Wilkinson informed Thomas Jefferson of a potential (+) conspiracy created by this politician to form a nation in Southwestern United States under land leased by Spain. Thomas Jefferson’s (\*) first Vice President was, for ten points, what man who gained infamy at Weehawken, New Jersey when he killed Alexander Hamilton in a duel?

ANSWER: Aaron Burr

(4) One teacher of this religion, Bhadrabahu, was the spiritual advisor of Chandragupta Maurya, who converted to this religion after his reign. The (+) purported founder of this religion was born with the name Vardhamana and is considered the last (\*) tirthankara. Gandhi’s concept of satyagraha was inspired by this religion’s concept of ahimsa. For ten points, name this nonviolent Indian religion founded by Mahavira.

ANSWER: Jainism

(5) This lawyer from Arras was blamed for not stopping the September Massacres. This leader of the Montagnards attempted to weaken the movement of de-Christianization by creating the Cult of the (+) Supreme Being. He shared power with Lazare Carnot and Louis Saint-Just in his highest position, and he executed the (\*) Girondins and Georges Danton before being overthrown in the Thermidorian Reaction. For ten points, name this Jacobin who ruled during the “Reign of Terror.”

ANSWER: Maximilien Robespierre

(6) This artist began his career with historical images like *The Misfortunes of the City of Orleans*, and painted his aunt with her daughters and husband, Baron Gennaro (+) Bellelli. His first work to be bought by a museum shows his uncle, Michel Musson's, title *Cotton Office in New Orleans*. A man wearing a black hat and a woman in a white dress sit in a café with a glass of the title (\*) green beverage in this artist's *L'Absinthe*. For ten points, name this French artist who painted many depictions of young ballerinas.

ANSWER: Edgar Degas

(7) This speech notes that "The money changers have fled from their high seats in the temple of our civilization." It lamented that the "needed efforts to convert (+) retreat into advance" were being paralyzed by a "nameless, unreasoning, unjustified terror." The phrase "the (\*) only thing we have to fear is fear itself" was spoken in, for ten points, what speech given on March 4, 1933, by the man replacing Herbert Hoover as President?

ANSWER: Franklin Delano Roosevelt's first inaugural address

(8) The Onna-bugeisha were female members of this class, and dissatisfied members of this class rebelled in the Satsuma (+) Rebellion. Members of this class were trained in Kyujutsu, the ability to use the Yumi. Lordless members of this class were labeled (\*) Ronin, and the values of this class are often presented as Bushido. For ten points, name this Japanese warrior class that is often depicted using katanas.

ANSWER: Samurai

## Extra Question

Only read if you need a backup or tiebreaker!

(1) This man is depicted with his wife in the Coregency Stela. Burnaburiash asked this man for gold and Tushratta wished him well in a set of correspondences named for this man's capital, (+) Amarna. This founder of a (\*) monotheistic religion changed his name to honor the new god. Nefertiti was the wife of, for ten points, what Egyptian ruler once known as Amenhotep IV who began a monotheistic religion centered on the sun-disk, Aten?

ANSWER: Akhenaten [or Napkhuria; accept Amenhotep IV before mentioned]

BONUS: What final Japanese shogunate which was overthrown in the Meiji Restoration?

ANSWER: Tokugawa Shogunate