

1. In 1811, John Jacob Astor built an eponymous town in this state to serve as a fur trading post. This state's largest city got its name as the result of a coin flip. In 1934, the PWA funded the Bonneville Dam between this state and its northern neighbor. This state's Willamette Valley was a destination for travellers in covered wagons who often departed from Independence, Missouri . For 10 points, name this U.S. state, whose namesake trail is the subject of a popular computer game.

ANSWER: **Oregon**

[Mark Arildsen]

Early in his career, this athlete was often referred to in the media as "Bob," a name he disliked. A Major League Baseball award for sportsmanship is named for this man. He became the first Puerto Rican ever to be inducted into the Baseball Hall of Fame, an honor for which the customary five-year waiting period was waived. This player recorded exactly 3,000 hits in his career. For ten points, name this player who started in right field for the Pittsburgh Pirates and died in a plane crash.

ANSWER: Roberto **Clemente**

[Naveed Chowdhury]

2. A composition of this type was written for the 1962 reconsecration of Coventry Cathedral and used settings of Wilfred Owen poems. Gabriel Faure's work in this form unusually does not include a setting of a poem by Thomas of Celano used for the "sequence". Britten wrote a "War" one, while Brahms composed one using text from the Luther Bible. The most famous of these compositions was finished by Franz Xaver Sussmayr after the death of its composer, Mozart. For 10 points, name these musical settings of masses for the dead.

ANSWER: **requiem** masses [prompt on "**masses**"; accept "**masses** for the **dead**" or "**missa** pro **defunctis**" until "masses" is read and prompt thereafter]

[Rob Carson]

3. The Treaty of Rapallo granted this polity the right to train its military in exchange for export of technology, and Walter Rathenau served as a foreign minister of this polity. Passage of the Enabling Act led to the effective end of this polity, where hyperinflation had been rampant. Forced to pay reparations due to the war guilt clause, its second and last president was Paul von Hindenburg, who appointed the issuer of the Reichstag Fire Decree as chancellor. For 10 points, identify this interwar government that was succeeded by Hitler's Reich.

ANSWER: **Weimar** Republic

[Zihan Zheng]

4. A valuable source of information about this place is the diary of doctor Albigence Waldo. People in this location survived on pepper-pot tripe soup and a baked mixture of flour, water and salt called a firecake. Baron von Steuben was responsible for the military training at this location, although malnutrition and disease killed twenty five hundred men by March. For 10 points, name this location where the Continental Army camped during the winter of 1778 in Pennsylvania.

ANSWER: **Valley Forge**

[Victor Prieto]

Chargaff's Rule comes from a pattern of matching in this substance. The Hershey-Chase experiment clarified the role of this substance. A 1958 experiment by Meselsohn and Stahl found that this molecule is copied via semiconservative replication. "Photo 51" is an image produced through X-ray diffraction of this compound by Rosalind Franklin. For 10 points, identify this substance that was found to have a double helix structure by Watson and Crick.

ANSWER: **DNA** [or **deoxyribonucleic acid**]
[Max Schindler]

Made up of eight articles, one of its namesake signatories would later be stationed in Constantinople. One side argued that its terms mandated the renunciation of claims to the Bay Islands and the Mosquito Coast. Many observers thought this treaty named for Lord Palmerston's minister to Washington and Zachary Taylor's Secretary of State violated the Monroe Doctrine. Eventually abrogated by the 1901 Hay-Pauncefote Treaty, for 10 points, identify this 1850 treaty declaring that neither the US nor Britain would build a canal in Central America without mutual consent.

ANSWER: **Clayton-Bulwer** Treaty
[Zeke Berdichevsky]

This leader during this conflict had his mother flogged after learning that he was a bastard. The Duke of Caxias was a prominent commander during this conflict, and Bartolome Mitre led one side during it. One leader in this conflict was captured at the Battle of Cerro Cora. For 10 points, name this conflict instigated by Francisco Solano Lopez in which a namesake group of Brazil, Argentina, and Uruguay defeated Paraguay.

ANSWER: War of the **Triple Alliance**
[Jason Zhou]

One of this group's leaders was Carl Browne, and members of this group referred to it as the "Commonwealth of Christ." Its "petition in boots" included a proposal for the "Good Roads" program, and this group was dissatisfied with the governmental response following the Panic of 1893. This group's most famous campaign was thwarted after its leader was arrested for trespassing on the Capitol Lawn. For 10 points, name this quasi-military group of unemployed workers which marched from Massillon, Ohio, to Washington, D.C. in 1894.

ANSWER: **Coxey's** Army
[Abid Haseeb]

Bob Dylan's guru Dave Van Ronk was arrested during this event. The doors of the namesake establishment were broken down with an uprooted parking meter. The theme tune of the *Howdy Doody Show* was appropriated to the lyrics of, "We don't wear underwear/We show our pubic hairs." Shortly after this event, the reactionary newsletter, "The Hairpin Drop Heard Around the World" was released by the New York based Mattachine Society. For 10 points, name these 1969 riots that led to the modern LGBT movement.

ANSWER: **Stonewall Riots**
[Erik Owen]

It's not Britain, but a team from this country sponsored by Emirates lost eight straight races to lose the 2013 America's Cup. This country contests both the Bledisloe Cup and the Freedom Cup in a sport where they are represented by a team that uses a silver fern as an emblem and

performs the Kapa o Pango and the Ka Mate. For 10 points, name this country whose rugby union team, the All Blacks, performs the *haka*, a ceremonial war dance of its indigenous Maori people.

ANSWER: **New Zealand** [or **Aotearoa**]

[Patrick Liao]

Residents of these institutions were called neophytes. One of these institutions was saved by the timely arrival of the ship *San Antonio*. Junipero Serra founded many of these institutions, the first of which was San Diego de Acala. For 10 points each, name these institutions which forcibly housed California Indians.

ANSWER: California **Missions**

BONUS: For ten points, name this mission named for a counter-reformation saint at which Junipero Serra is buried, probably the best preserved mission church:

ANSWER: **San Carlos Borromeo** de Carmel

[Douglas Graebner]

THE YUAN DYNASTY

what was the name of...

1. the founder of the Yuan Dynasty and grandson of Genghis Khan?

ANSWER: **Kublai** Khan

2. the ethnic group that Kublai belonged to?

ANSWER: **Mongolians**

2. the Venetian trader and met Kublai Khan at his court?

ANSWER: **Marco Polo**

3. the dynasty with capital at Hangzhou that preceded the Yuan?

ANSWER: **Song**

4. the decisive naval battle that ended the Song dynasty?

ANSWER: Battle of **Yamen**

5. the winds that stopped the Yuan invasion of Japan?

ANSWER: **Kamikaze** [Accept **Divine Winds**]

6. the uprising that helped overthrow the Yuan dynasty, named after a certain colored headpiece?

ANSWER: **Red Turban** rebellion

7. the capital of the Yuan Dynasty, now present-day Beijing?

ANSWER: **Dadu**

8. the religion practiced by John of Montecorvino, Archbishop of Dadu?

ANSWER: **Christianity**

[Laurence Li]